ORACLE 11G DATABASE REPLAY: CAPTURE WORKLOAD PROCESS

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INTRODUCTION

In this document I will provide details as how you can use Oracle 11g database replay feature. This feature will help DBA's to perform Real-world load testing similar to production environment on QA or new platform. Oracle 11g allows to capture Database Workload from production environment at the cost of some system resources and then this load can be played on any other system irrespective of operating system and architecture and will help management and technical people. This feature will not only help the companies in performing Real-world testing but also save money to buy expensive testing tools. It will also save lots of time spent in configuring third party testing tools and moreover will provide more accurate testing results

In this paper, I will use db02pn as Source Database and db01pn as Target Database. Source Database is the database where Workload is captured and then the workload will be replayed at Target database.

DATABASE REPLAY SETUP STEPS

1. Take a Backup of Source database.

You can use any Database backup procedure that can take the Source Database/schema backup and can be restored on Target Database.

- 2. Configure Oracle EM database console on both Source and Target Database

 If you want to use EM console which is recommended tool for Database replay setup.
- 3. Start the Capture process to record Database activities on Source Database
- 4. Apply load to the Database

I used Visual Basic application to access the database and capture the corresponding load in .rec files created by DBReplay on the Database server.

- 5. Restore the Backup taken in First Step on Target Database
 - This step will help to compare the workload on Source and Target Database.
- 6. Reset the Time on Target Database close to Source Database Capture Time Optional
 This will help to avoid any divergence in test result while comparing the workload due to
 SQL function like SYSDATE or SYSTIMESTAMP
- 7. Copy the Captured Data as physical files on Source Server to Target Database Server

 These are the .rec and some .dmp physical file that stores the Captured Workload information of Source Database server.
- 8. Processed the Captured workload on Target Database
- 9. Replay the Workload on Target Database
- 10. Analyze the Report

CAPTURE WORKLOAD STEPS

- 1. Take a Backup of Source
- 2. Configure EM Database Console
- 3. Capture the Workload using Enterprise Manager
- 4. Capture the Workload using API



TAKE A BACKUP OF SOURCE DATABASE

I had used datapump to export one of the Oracle schema of Source Database which will used for workload analysis. This schema is used by one of VB application used on Source Database.

CONFIGURE EM DBCONSOLE

If Enterprise Manager Repository is created during the 11g installation, then we can start the dbconsole using the following command :

\$ emctl start dbconsole

Oracle Enterprise Manager 11g Database Control Release 11.1.0.6.0

Copyright (c) 1996, 2007 Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. https://db02pn:1158/em/console/aboutApplication

Starting Oracle Enterprise Manager 11g Database Control started.

Logs are generated in directory /home/oracle/app/oracle/product/11.1.0/db_1/db02pn_orcl/sysman/log



If it is not configured, then it can be done using the following steps

\$ emca -config dbcontrol db -repos recreate

STARTED EMCA at Jul 19, 2007 1:18:23 PM EM Configuration Assistant, Version 11.1.0.6.0 Production Copyright (c) 2003, 2005, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Enter the following information:

Database SID: orcl

Listener port number: 1521
Password for SYS user:
Password for DBSNMP user:
Password for SYSMAN user:

Email address for notifications (optional): indy.johal@datasoftech.com Outgoing Mail (SMTP) server for notifications (optional): dssmtp

You have specified the following settings

Database ORACLE_HOME/oracle/product/11g

Database hostname db02pn Listener port number 1521

Database SID orcl

 $Email\ address\ for\ notifications\\ in \ dy. johal @datas of tech. com$

Outgoing Mail (SMTP) server for notificationsdssmtp.

Do you wish to continue? [yes(Y)/no(N)]: Y

Jul 19, 2007 1:18:50 PM oracle.sysman.emcp.EMConfig perform

INFO: This operation is being logged at

/oracle/product/11g/cfgtoollogs/emca/orcl/emca 2007 07 19 13 18 23.log.

•••

INFO: Repository successfully dropped INFO: Repository successfully created

INFO: Uploaded configuration data successfully

INFO: Database Control started successfully

INFO: >>>>>> The Database Control URL is http://server:1158/em <<<<<<<

Enterprise Manager configuration completed successfully

FINISHED EMCA at Jul 19, 2007 2:35:13 PM

\$ emctl status dbconsole

Oracle Enterprise Manager 11g Database Control Release 11.1.0.6.0 Copyright (c) 1996, 2006 Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved. http://db02pn:1158/em/console/aboutApplication

Oracle Enterprise Manager 11g is running.

Logs are generated in directory

/home/oracle/app/oracle/product/11.1.0/db_1/db02pn_orcl/sysman/log



CAPTURING THE PRODUCTION WORKLOAD

In order to capture production workload, we can use any of the following procedure

- 1. Using Enterprise Manager Database Console
- 2. Using PL/SQL API

USING ENTERPRISE MANAGER DATABASE CONSOLE

Step 1: Invoke the Enterprise Manager Database Console

Using your browser, invoke Enterprise Manager Database Console by enter the following URL: <a href="https://<hostname>:1158/em">https://<hostname>:1158/em and Log in as the **SYS** user with the SYSDBA password for your database

You can also find the URL using the following command

\$ emctl status dbconsole

Oracle Enterprise Manager 11g Database Control Release 11.1.0.6.0 Copyright (c) 1996, 2006 Oracle Corporation. All rights reserved.

http://db02pn:1158/em/console/aboutApplication

Oracle Enterprise Manager 11g is running.

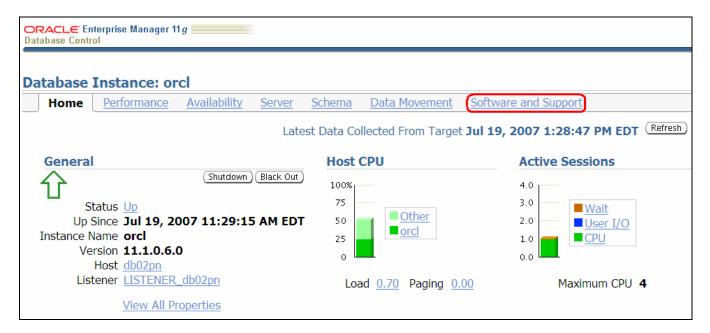
Logs are generated in directory

/home/oracle/app/oracle/product/11.1.0/db_1/db02pn_orcl/sysman/log

| ORACLE Enterprise Mana | ger 11 g |
|--|--|
| Login | |
| | |
| Login to Database: | orcl |
| | |
| * User Name | sys |
| * Password | •••••• |
| Connect As | SYSDBA 🕶 |
| | Login |
| Copyright © 1996, 2007, Oracle. Oracle, JD Edwards, PeopleSoft, Unauthorized access is strictly pr | and Retek are registered trademarks of Oracle Corporation and/or its affiliates. |

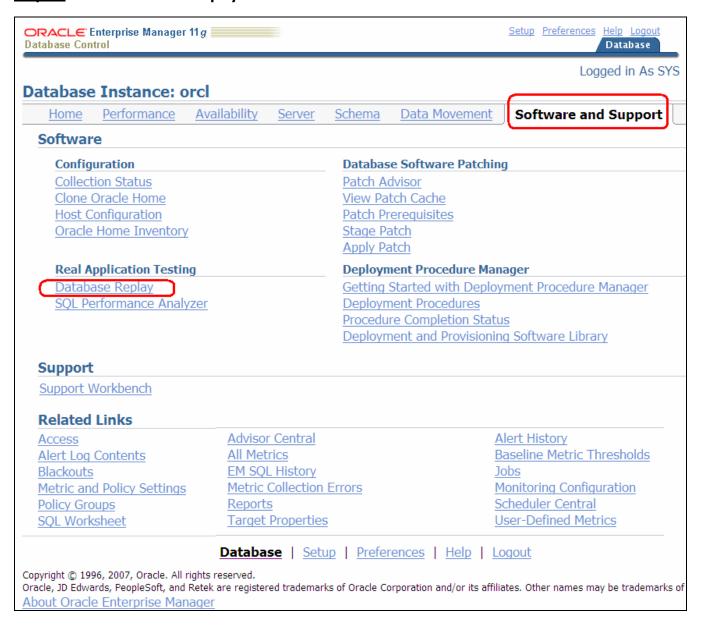


Step 2: Click on Software and Support Tab



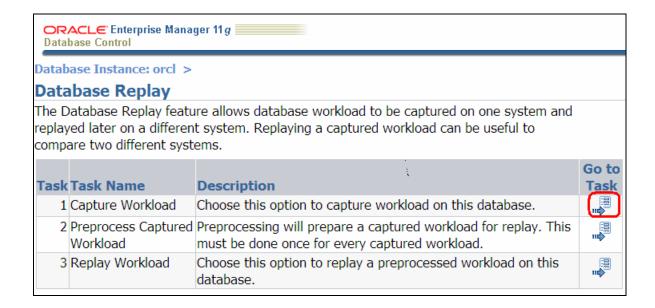


Step 3: Click on Database Replay as shown below



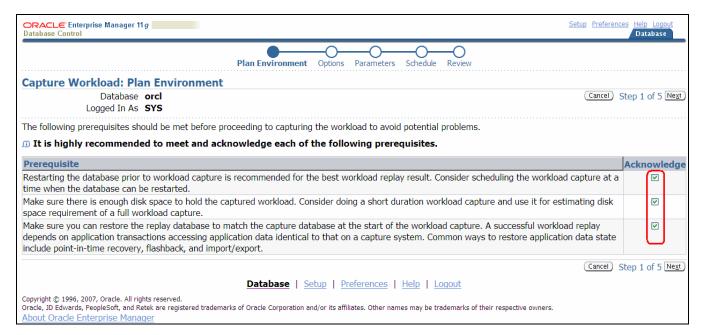


<u>Step 3:</u> For Capturing the Workload, Click on Go to Task against the Task Name Capture Workload as shown in RED below. This will start Capture Workload Wizard.



<u>Step 4 :</u> Capture Workload Wizard : Plan Environment Click on <u>Acknowledge check box</u> for all Pre-requisite as shown in RED below. Make sure that you are following the prerequisites in your environement

Click NEXT to Continue



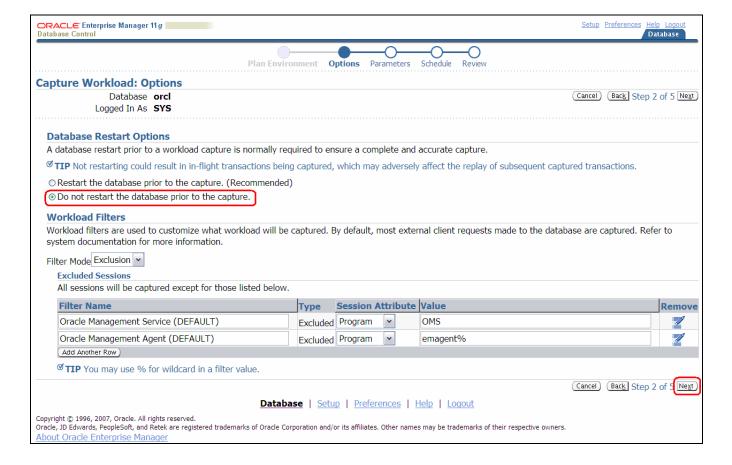


Step 5: Capture Workload Wizard: Options.

There are three options namely:

- 1. Restarting the database → I will use Do not Restart the Database as shown below
- 2. Defining the Workload filters → Allows you to define user session that should be captured. I will use the Default setting for my test case.

Click NEXT to Continue





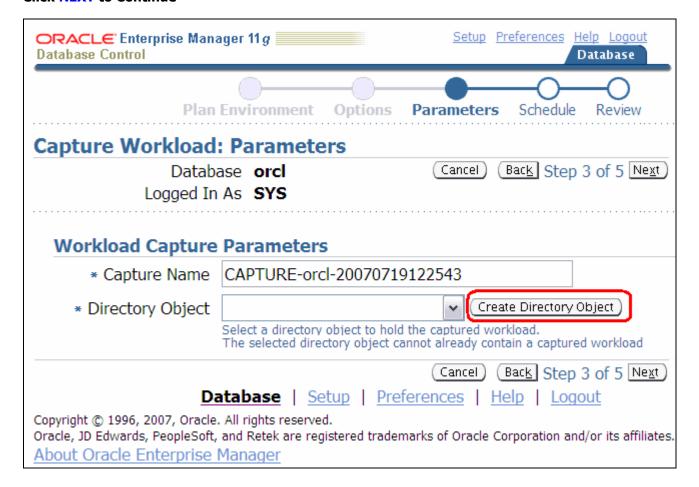
Step 6: Capture Workload Wizard: Parameters

There are two database parameters namely

- 1. Workload Capture parameter → To define Workload capture directory
- 2. Database Shutdown Parameter → Will appear only if you have select "Restart Database" in OPTIONS screen previously. Here you can specify if database can be brought down using Immediate/Transactional/Abort option. As I had used "Do not restart database" and so this parameter will not be visible in below screen.

In order to store the Workload capture files, you need to define a directory in Operating system and then link it to Oracle Database directory. Click on Create Directory Object as shown in RED below or select it from already available database directories.

Click NEXT to Continue





Step 7 : Capture Workload Wizard - Parameters → Create Directory Objects

Create operating system directory on the Database server which will be used to hold the capture process files and make sure that it has sufficient space based on your workload.

[oracle@db02pn ~]\$ mkdir -p /home/oracle/capture dir

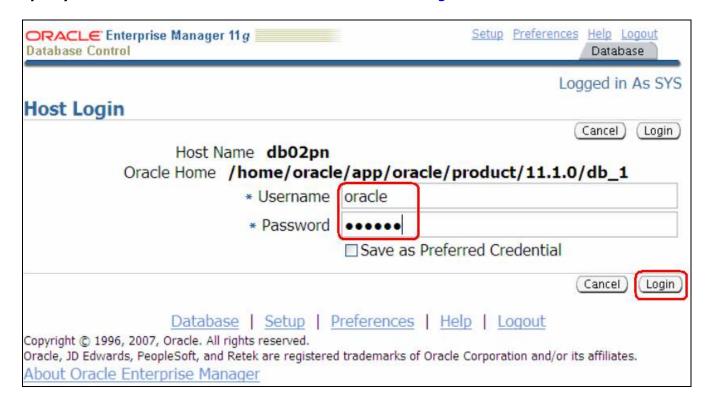
Specify the **Name** to the Directory created in Database and give the **Path** created above on the Operating system. Click on **Test File System** to make sure that directory is available on the database server.





<u>Step 8 :</u> Capture Workload Wizard – Parameters → Create Directory Objects Specify Database Server Username and Password and Click Login to continue

Oracle 11g Database Replay



<u>Step 9 :</u> Capture Workload Wizard – Parameters → Create Directory Objects Click Return to go back to Create Directory Object screen

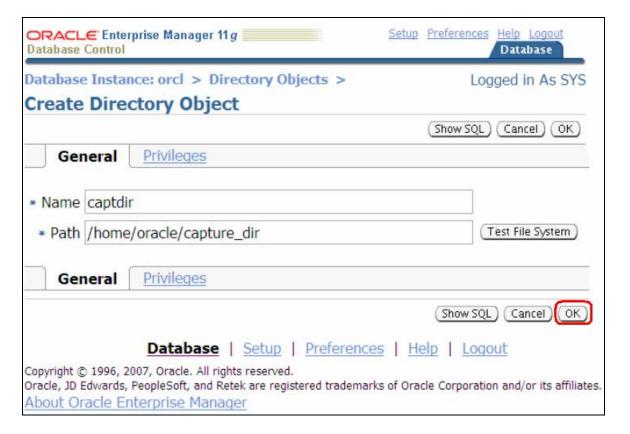




<u>Step 10</u>: Capture Workload Wizard – Parameters → Create Directory Objects You are back to Create Directory Objects screen and click OK to continue

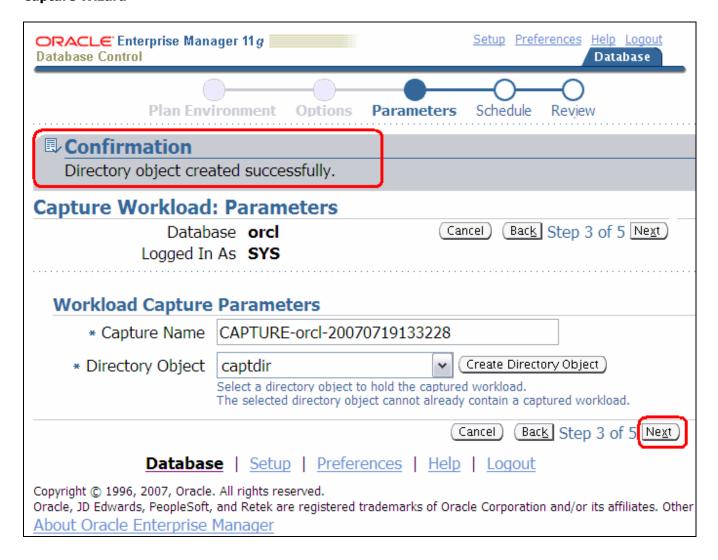
If you will click on SHOW SQL, it will show you're the SQL been used to create the specified directory as shown below

CREATE DIRECTORY "captdir" AS '/home/oracle/capture_dir'





Step 11 : Capture Workload Wizard - Parameters → Create Directory Objects You will get the message 'Directory object created successfully'. Click Next to continue with the **Capture Wizard**



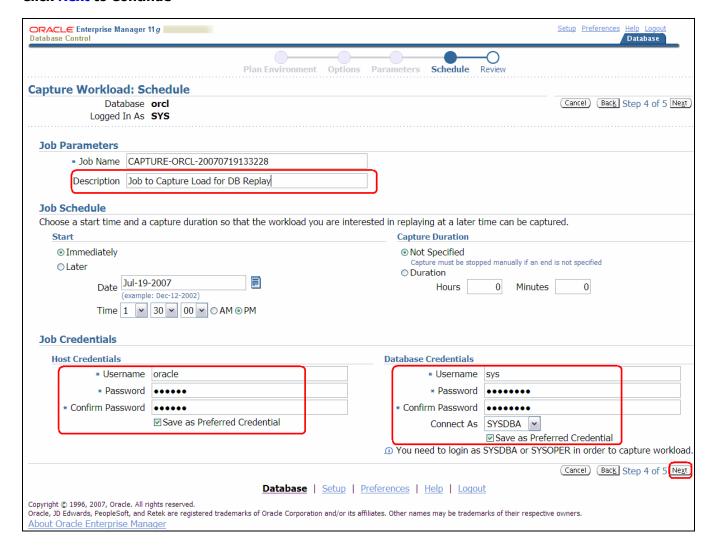


<u>Step 12:</u> Capture Workload Wizard – Schedule Accept the Default Job Name and can specify the meaningful Description to the Job

Specify the Database Server Host Credential where the Workload file will be stored

Specify the Database Credential that will be used to connect to the database to collect the workload statistics

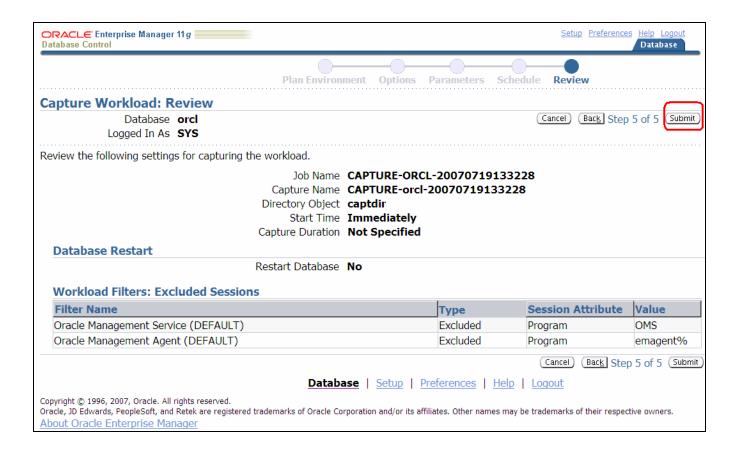
Click Next to Continue





Step 13: Capture Workload Wizard - Review

You can now review the specified information in the Capture Workload Wizard and click SUBMIT to start the Capture process



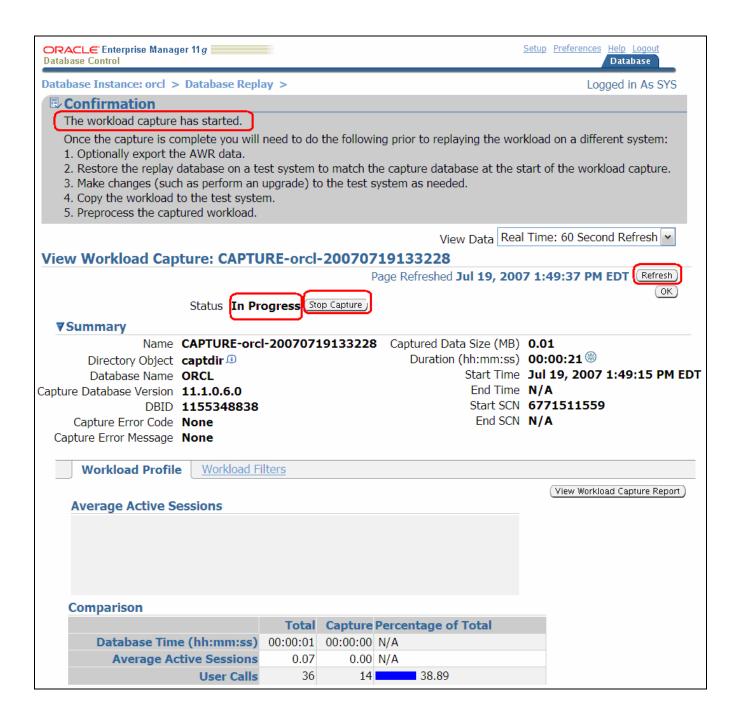


Step 14: Capture Process is Started as shown below

Status will show that Capture is **IN PROGRESS**

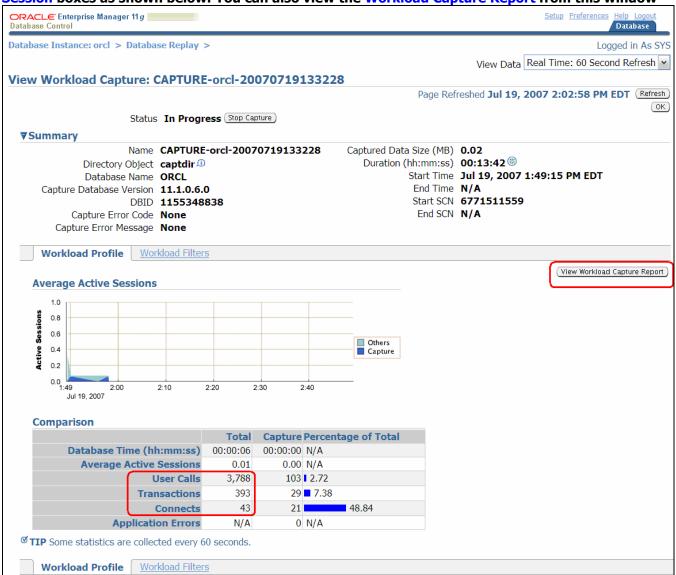
You can Stop the Capture anytime when you are done using STOP CAPTURE button

You can click on REFRESH button to monitor the progress of the Capture Process





<u>Step 15</u>: Click on REFRESH to see the progress in the COMPARISION as well as Average Active Session boxes as shown below. You can also view the Workload Capture Report from this window





Step 16: Workload Capture Report Sample

🏈 Oracle Enterprise Manager (SYS) - Workload Report - Windows Internet Explorer

Database Capture Report For ORCL

| DB Name | DB Id | Release | RAC | Capture Name | Status |
|------------|------------|------------|-----|---------------------------------|----------------|
| ORCL | 1155348838 | 11.1.0.6.0 | NO | CAPTURE-orcl- 20070719133228 | IN PROGRESS |

| Information | Capture |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Start time: | 19-Jul-07 13:49:15 (SCN = 6771511559) |
| End time: | (SCN =) |
| Duration: | second |
| Capture size: | 26.94 KB |
| Directory object: | captdir |
| Directory path: | /home/oracle/capture_dir |
| Directory shared in RAC: | FALSE |
| Filters used: | 2 |

DB Capture Report

- Capture Statistics
- Workload Filters

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Captured Workload Statistics

- . 'Value' represents the corresponding statistic aggregated across the entire captured database workload.
- "% Total" is the percentage of "Value" over the corresponding system-wide aggregated total.

| Statistic Name | Value | % Total |
|---------------------------------|-------|---------|
| DB time (secs) | 0.36 | 5.71 |
| Average Active Sessions | | |
| User calls captured | 110 | 2.34 |
| User calls captured with Errors | 0 | |
| Session logins | 22 | 42.31 |
| Transactions | 33 | 6.79 |

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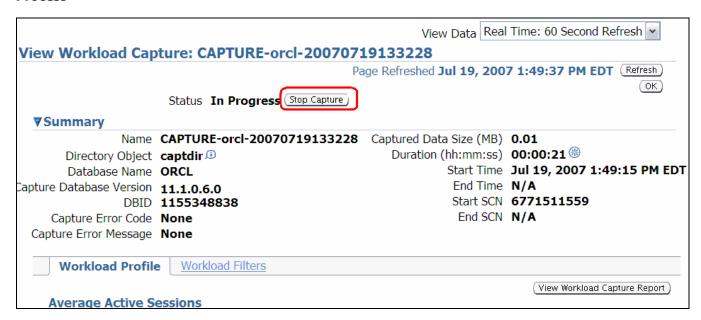
Workload Filters

| # | Filter Name | Attribute | Value |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| 1 | ORACLE MANAGEMENT AGENT (DEFAULT) | PROGRAM | emagent% |
| 2 | ORACLE MANAGEMENT SERVICE (DEFAULT) | PROGRAM | OMS |

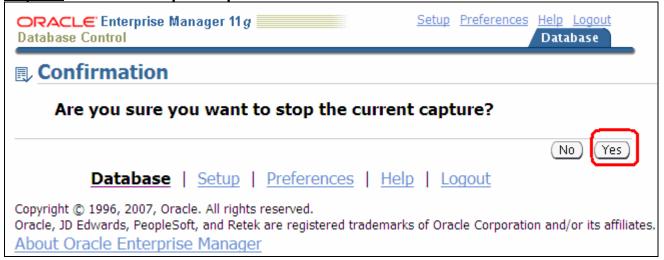


Step 17 : Stop the Capture Process

When you are done with collecting all Workload data, click on Stop Capture to stop the Capture **Process**

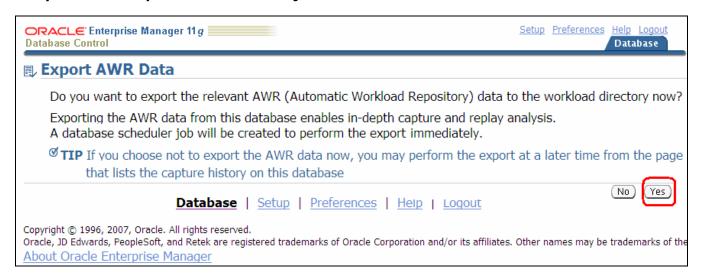


Step 18: Click **YES** to stop the Capture Process



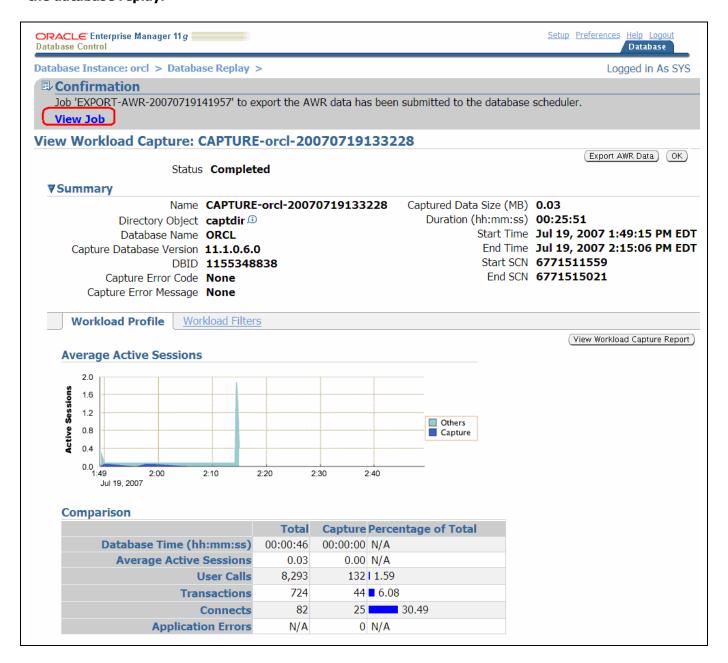


<u>Step 19</u>: Click YES to Dump the AWR data to the Workload Capture Directory which will used for Analysis in later steps. This will submit a job to Database scheduler.





<u>Step 20:</u> View Job to see if the AWR export Job is completed which can take few minutes. This page will also display as what is the Start time and End time of Capture which will be used later on during the database replay.





Step 21: Checking the Status of Job submitted for AWR export. Click OK to go back to Database **Home Page**





Step 22: Check the files generated by Capture process on Database server

Go to Directory created in Step 7 and verify if it contains the workload repository files

| F-Secure SSH - [Defaults.ssh] | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--|------------|----------|-----|----|-------|-----------------------|
| <u>File Edit V</u> iev | w <u>T</u> c | ools <u>H</u> elp | • | • | | | | |
| | | <u>- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</u> | | | | | | |
| [oracle@ca | aptu | re dir] | \$ ls -ltr | | | | | |
| total 1349 | 2 | _ | | | | | | |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 0 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_rec_00001.start |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1348 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_4d7x440002mup.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 928 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_4d7x440002jx0.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1140 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_4d7x444002mqs.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 928 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_4d7x448002jy8.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1127 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_4d7x448002k49.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1128 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_4d7x44h002k2m.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1126 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_4d7x45s002k84.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 913 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_4d7x460002ksw.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1128 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_4d7x460002kma.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1124 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_4d7x460002km8.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1128 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_4d7x46n002k4c.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1140 | Jul | 19 | 13:49 | wcr_4d7x46w002k4g.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 2604 | Jul | 19 | 13:50 | wcr_4d7x49n002mxp.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 2402 | Jul | 19 | 13:50 | wcr_4d7x49s002mxt.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1128 | Jul | 19 | 13:50 | wcr_4d7x4ah002k9p.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1128 | Jul | 19 | 13:50 | wcr_4d7x4ah002k47.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1835 | Jul | 19 | 13:53 | wcr_4d7x54c002n60.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 2501 | Jul | 19 | 13:58 | wcr_4d7x65h002nb7.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 2925 | Jul | 19 | 13:58 | wcr_4d7x65h002nba.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1836 | Jul | 19 | 13:58 | wcr_4d7x69s002nd3.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1751 | Jul | 19 | 13:58 | wcr_4d7x6an002nf9.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1833 | Jul | 19 | 14:03 | wcr_4d7x7gc002np1.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1836 | Jul | 19 | 14:08 | wcr_4d7x8ns002nzz.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1836 | Jul | 19 | 14:13 | wcr_4d7x9u8002p6x.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 1751 | Jul | 19 | 14:13 | wcr_4d7x9v4002p83.rec |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 4120 | Jul | 19 | 14:15 | wcr_cr.text |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 12172 | Jul | 19 | 14:15 | wcr_cr.html |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 400 | Jul | 19 | 14:15 | wcr_capture.wmd |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 24723 | Jul | 19 | 14:21 | wcr_ca.log |
| -rw-r | 1 | oracle | oinstall | 13639680 | Jul | 19 | 14:21 | wcr_ca.dmp |



CAPTURE WORKLOAD USING APIS

STARTING A WORKLOAD CAPTURE

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

- If NO_RESTART_MODE is FALSE (by Default), then it means that Capture can only start if we are in RESTRICTED SESSION mode. If it is not specified as TRUE, then you will get an error ORA-15504: cannot start workload capture because instance 1 not present in RESTRICTED SESSION mode
- If you have used DIR specified Directory earlier for CAPTURING, then you will get an error ORA-15505: cannot start workload capture because instance 1 encountered errors while accessing directory "/home/oracle/capture_dir"
- So either you have to create new Directory or you have to delete the Capture entries from the OS directory. You may be required to delete some entires from DBA_WORKLOAD_CAPTURES using dbms_workload_capture.delete_capture_info procedure

```
SQL> select name, directory, status, start_time, end_time, duration_secs, dir_path from dba_workload_captures
```

| NAME | DIRECTORY | STATUS | START_TIME | E END_TIME DURATION | I DIR_PATH |
|-----------|-----------|-------------|------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | | |
| capture07 | API_DIR | IN PROGRESS | 26-JUL-07 | | /home/oracle/api_dir |

You will see the END_TIME is null as Capture is still running as shown by STATUS column



STOPPING A WORKLOAD CAPTURE

```
SQL> BEGIN
2 DBMS_WORKLOAD_CAPTURE.FINISH_CAPTURE ();
3 END;
4 /
```

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed

SQL> select name, directory, status, start_time, end_time, duration_secs, dir_path from dba_workload_captures

| NAME | DIRECTORY | STATUS | START_TIME | END_TIME DURATION | DIR_PATH |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| | | | | | |
| capture07 | API_DIR | COMPLETED | 26-JUL-07 | 26-JUL-07 6913 | /home/oracle/api_dir |

